Description	**Fluorescein isothiocyanate-conjugated IgG fraction of polyclonal rabbit antiserum to chicken ovalbumin**
Product code	RACh/OAlb/FITC
Biological origin	Rabbit
Physical form	FITC-coupled purified hyperimmune goat IgG lyophilized from a solution in phosphate buffered saline (PBS, pH 7.2).
Preservative	No preservative added, as it may interfere with the antibody activity.
Immunogen	Highly purified egg albumin (MW 45,000) isolated from chicken egg whites. Freund's complete adjuvant is used in the first step of the immunization procedure.
Identity & Specificity	A single precipitin line is obtained in immunoelectrophoresis against 1% chicken egg albumin in PBS. In double radial immunodiffusion of the antiserum against twofold dilutions of 1% chicken egg albumin in PBS and in the reverse arrangement of the chicken egg albumin solution against twofold dilutions of the antiserum, a singe precipitin line is obtained. The antiserum does not react with chicken serum.
Cross-reactivity	Inter-species cross-reactivity is a normal feature of antibodies to plasma proteins, since homologous proteins of different species frequently share antigenic determinants. Cross-reactivity of this antiserum has not been tested in detail.
Physicochemical characteristics	IgG protein concentration 10 mg/ml. Fluorochrome/IgG protein molar ratio (F/P) is approximately 1.7. No foreign proteins added.
Fluorescent marker	Fluorescein isothiocyanate isomer 1. Excitation: 492 nm, emission: 515 nm.
Conjugation procedure	A proprietary technique for the binding of FITC is used, followed by several purification steps to remove free reactants and protein aggregates. After each step activity and specificity are tested in a variety of techniques. The conjugate is lyophilized to assure stability and long shelf life.
Intended use	In immunocytochemical and immunohistochemical staining of ovalbumin at the cellular and subcellular level of appropriately treated cell and tissue substrates. *This immunoconjugate is not pre-diluted. The optimum working dilution of each conjugate should be established by titration before being used. Excess labelled antibody must be avoided because it may cause high unspecific background staining and interfere with the specific signal.* Working dilutions are usually between 1:20 and 1:80, depending on the method used.
Handling	The lyophilized conjugate is shipped at ambient temperature and may be stored at +4°C; prolonged storage at or below -20°C. It is reconstituted by adding 1 ml sterile distilled water, spun down to remove insoluble particles, divided into small aliquots, frozen and stored at or below -20°C. Prior to use, an aliquot is thawed slowly at ambient temperature, spun down again and used to prepare working dilutions by adding sterile phosphate buffered saline (PBS, pH 7.2). Repeated thawing and freezing should be avoided. Working dilutions should be stored at +4°C, not refrozen, and preferably used the same day. If a slight precipitation occurs upon storage, this should be removed by centrifugation. It will not affect the performance of the immunoconjugate.
Packing	Vial with 1 ml lyophilized immunoconjugate
Storage / shelf life	Lyophilized at +4°C — at least 10 years reconstituted at or below -20°C — 3-5 years reconstituted at +4°C — 7 days
Caution	This immunoconjugate should be handled by qualified persons only and appropriate precautions should be taken in its handling and disposal, and of all associated materials. For *in vitro* research purposes only.

NORDIC IMMUNOLOGICAL LABORATORIES
Langendijk 25, 5652 AX Eindhoven, The Netherlands
Tel. +31 630 070 625, Fax: +31 402 920 069
E-mail: info@nordiclabs.nl
www.nordiclabs.nl

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