

Description	Horseradish peroxidase-conjugated IgG fraction of polyclonal rabbit antiserum to mouse albumin														
Product code	RAM/Alb/PO														
Biological origin	Rabbit														
Physical form	Peroxidase-coupled purified hyperimmune rabbit IgG lyophilized from a solution in phosphate buffered saline (PBS, pH 7.2).														
Preservative	No preservative added, as it may interfere with the antibody activity.														
Immunogen	Albumin is a stable small polypeptide with a strong antigenicity. Its molecular weight is about 69,000. It has a high mobility in electrophoresis, shows macro-heterogeneity especially under pathological conditions and it can bind a large number of physiological and non-physiological molecules. Albumin is isolated from mouse serum by sequential precipitation and purified by ion exchange chromatography and affinity chromatography. Freund's complete adjuvant is used in the first step of the immunization procedure.														
Purification	Hyperimmune antisera with strong precipitating activity are selected for fractionation by salt-precipitation and purification of the IgG fraction by DEAE-chromatography.														
Adsorption	Immunoaffinity adsorbed using insolubilized antigens as required to eliminate the antibody activity to any other component of the mouse serum proteins.														
Identity & Specificity	Tested in immunoelectrophoresis and double radial immunodiffusion against pooled normal mouse serum and purified mouse albumin. One characteristic precipitin line is obtained against pooled normal mouse serum using different antigen/antibody concentration ratios. Precipitin lines against normal mouse serum and purified mouse albumin give a reaction of full identity.														
Cross-reactivity	<p>Inter-species cross-reactivity is a normal feature of antibodies to mammalian serum proteins, since homologous proteins of different species frequently share antigenic determinants. The degree of cross-reactivity is also dependent on the concentrations of the reactants and the sensitivity of the assay arrangement. This antiserum fraction has been tested for cross-reactivity by double radial immunodiffusion against several species sera with the following results:</p> <table border="0" style="margin-left: 40px;"> <tr> <td>cow -</td> <td>goat -</td> <td>horse +</td> <td>rat ++</td> </tr> <tr> <td>chicken -</td> <td>guinea pig ++</td> <td>human +</td> <td>sheep -</td> </tr> <tr> <td>dog -</td> <td>hamster +</td> <td>monkey +</td> <td>swine +</td> </tr> </table> <p>A negative cross-reaction in double radial immunodiffusion does not exclude some reaction in more sensitive techniques.</p>			cow -	goat -	horse +	rat ++	chicken -	guinea pig ++	human +	sheep -	dog -	hamster +	monkey +	swine +
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Physicochemical characteristics	IgG protein concentration 10 mg/ml. Enzyme/IgG protein molar ratio (E/P) is approximately 1.7. No foreign proteins added.														
Enzyme marker	Horseradish peroxidase enriched for isoenzyme C (RZ = 3.2).														
Conjugation procedure	Conjugation is carried out using a proprietary modification of the periodate method, followed by several purification steps. After each step activity and specificity are tested in a variety of techniques. No foreign protein has been added. The conjugate is lyophilized to assure stability and long shelf life.														
Intended use	<p>In enzyme-immunocytochemical and immunohistochemical staining for the detection of albumin of appropriately treated cell and tissue substrates at the cellular and subcellular level. In non-isotopic assay methodology (e.g. ELISA) to identify and measure albumin in mouse serum or other body fluid. In electron microscopy, since the complex between the conjugated antibody and the antigen also has electron-dense properties.</p> <p><i>This immunoconjugate is not pre-diluted. The optimum working dilution of each conjugate should be established by titration before being used. Excess labelled antibody must be avoided because it may cause high unspecific background staining and interfere with the specific signal.</i></p> <p>Working dilutions for histochemical and cytochemical use are usually between 1:100 and 1:500; in ELISA and comparable non-precipitating antibody-binding assays between 1:2,000 and 1:10,000.</p>														
Handling	The lyophilized conjugate is shipped at ambient temperature and may be stored at +4°C; prolonged storage at or below -20°C. It is reconstituted by adding 1 ml sterile distilled water, spun down to remove insoluble particles, divided into small aliquots, frozen and stored at or below -20°C. Prior to use, an aliquot is thawed slowly at ambient temperature, spun down again and used to prepare working dilutions by adding sterile phosphate buffered saline (PBS, pH 7.2). Repeated thawing and freezing should be avoided. Working dilutions should be stored at +4°C, not refrozen, and preferably used the same day. If a slight precipitation occurs upon storage, this should be removed by centrifugation. It will not affect the performance of the immunoconjugate.														
Packing	Vial with 1 ml lyophilized immunoconjugate.														
Storage / shelf life	Lyophilized at +4°C	at least 10 years													
	reconstituted at or below -20°C	3-5 years													
	reconstituted at +4°C	7 days													
Caution	This immunoconjugate should be handled by qualified persons only and appropriate precautions should be taken in its handling and disposal, and of all associated materials. For <i>in vitro</i> laboratory research purposes only.														

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